We, the ministers and members of the "Church of God in Christ" who hold the holy scripture as contained in the old and new testaments as our rule of faith and practice, in accordance with the principles of our faith and government do hereby amend and modify our charter co-wit:

(Article I. Change of name)

That the corporate name of incorporation be changed from the General Board of the Church of Christ of America to Church of God in Christ.

(Article 2 Senior Bishop)

Nothing in this constitution shall operate to deprive Elder C. H. Mason 1121 Miss. Ave., Memphis, Tenn., the present Chief Apostle, Founder, and Senior Bishop of the authority he now holds as Chief Apostle of the Church of God in Christ.

(Article 3 Local Churches)

The membership of the local church shall consist of all who have been set in order as a church by those authorized to do so, after having declared their faith in Jesus Christ as their Savior, and their belief in our doctrines, and their willingness to submit to our government.

Local churches may be set in order by the Bishop having jurisdiction or an elder authorized by him.

(Article 4 Disorganization of Churches)

When it seems clear to a Bishop that a church set in order should not continue as such it may be disorganized by action and formal notice of the board of Bishops. In case a local church becomes disorganized any such property that exists may in no way be diverted to other purposes but shall pass to the control of the State board for the use of the Church at large as the State board shall direct, and the trustees holding such property for the disorganized church shall, sell or dispose of the same only on order and under the direction of the appointed agent of the State board and turn over such funds to said agent.
No Board of Trustees may divert property from the use of
the "Church of God in Christ". No board of trustees shall refuse
the pulpit or the use of a local "Church of God in Christ" for
religious or other purposes to a duly authorized officer of the
General Assembly or their representatives.

(Article 5 Withdrawal of Churches)

No local church may withdraw as a body from the "Church of
God in Christ" or in any way sever its relation thereto except
by provision of the General Assembly.

(Article 6 Credentials of delegates)

Secretaries of the several state assemblies shall furnish
their certificates of election to the delegates severally elected to
the General Assembly, and shall also send a certificate of such
election to the General Secretary of the Church.

(Article 7 The General Assembly Assembly)

The General Assembly is the only doctrine expressing,
and law making authority of the Church. The General Assembly shall
be composed of the ordained elders, of the General Secretary, of
the General Treasurer, and such lay delegation as the General Assembly
may prescribe.

The General Assembly shall meet annually at the time
and place designated by the board of Bishops.

The General Assembly shall elect by a two-thirds vote
of those present and voting two or more Bishops who shall hold
office during good behavior, and shall have general supervision of
the church, and who shall compose the board of Bishops. Provided
however, that Elder C. H. Mason the present Senior Bishop shall
retain his present power and authority during his life time but
upon his death said authority shall revert to the board of Bishops.

The General Assembly shall elect a general board com-
posed of ten members who shall be the trustees in trust for the
corporation, and shall compose the board of home and foreign missions,
publication, church extension, education, and ministerial relief.
Said board shall transact all business affairs of the church, and
any other matters that may properly come before it subject to the approval of the General Assembly. Provided however that all policies and plans of operation must have the approval of the board of Bishops.

Said board shall be presided over by one of the Bishops. The General Assembly shall be presided over by the Bishops jointly and severally, the General Assembly shall elect its other officers, and organize itself for the transaction of its business according to its wisdom and pleasure.

The General Assembly shall elect a General Secretary who shall hold office during good behavior, and who shall be the secretary of the General Assembly and the board of Bishops. The General Assembly shall elect a General Treasurer who shall hold office during good behavior.

The General Assembly shall elect by lot from among the male Elders of the church as many Bishops as it may deem necessary who shall hold office during good behavior, and who shall constitute the board of Bishops. Provided, however, that they shall be appointed by the present Senior Bishop during his life time but upon his decease they shall be elected by the General Assembly as provided in this constitution.

(Article 8 Extra session of the General Assembly)

The board of Bishops or a majority thereof shall have power to call an extra session of the General Assembly in case of emergency and to fix the time and place thereof.

(Article 9 Powers and restrictions of the General Assembly)

The power and authority of the General Assembly to legislate for the church, to make such rules and regulations over all the departments as it may deem best is limited by the following restrictions:

(1) It shall not set aside or change any of our articles of faith nor shall it establish any new doctrines contrary to the doctrines that now exist in the church.
(2) The General Assembly shall not abolish our representative form of government, nor the General Superintendency, nor deprive it of any of the given it by this constitution.

No person shall be seated in the General Assembly who has not been duly elected as a delegate or an alternate by a recognized state Assembly of the Church of God in Christ.

(3) The General Assembly shall not deprive our ministers or members of a fair and orderly trial or an appeal in case of conviction.

(Article 10 Rules of order of the General Assembly)

The General Assembly shall adopt rules of order governing its manner of organization, procedure, committees, and all other matter pertaining to the conduct of its business. It shall be the judge of the elections and qualifications of its own members.

(Article II Bishops of the "Church of God in Christ")

The Bishops shall have general supervision of the church of God in Christ. The Bishops jointly and severally shall preside over the General Assembly. One Bishop shall preside over the general board of the church. One Bishop shall preside over each state assembly, or should he be providentially hindered shall make arrangements for such presidency.

The Bishops with such Elders as they shall appoint shall ordain those who have been elected to be Elders. The Bishops may organize, reorganize or disorganize local churches. The Bishop presiding over the state Assembly shall assign pastors to the several charges within the bounds of his jurisdiction.

(Article 11 continued)

The Bishops may appoint District Superintendents over the several districts within their jurisdiction. The Bishop presiding over the General Assembly shall decide all questions of order subject to an appeal to the General Assembly, but all questions of law shall be decided by the General Assembly.
(Article 12 Board of Bishops)

The Bishops shall organize as a board and shall arrange for and assign to the members thereof the work over which they shall have special jurisdiction. The board of Bishops shall have supervision of all boards and the plans adopted by any board must have the approval of the board of Bishops.

The board of Bishops shall constitute a board to arrange course of study for licensed ministers. The board of Bishops shall have power to do anything else in the service of the church not otherwise provided for according to their wisdom and in harmony with the constitution of the Church.

(Article 13 The General Board)

The General board shall be composed of members as follows: The General Secretary, General Treasurer, and five or more members elected by the General Assembly to serve until the final adjournment of the next General Assembly. A member of the Board of Bishops shall preside over the General board.

(Article 14 Trustees of local churches)

All the trustees of local church property shall be members of the "Church of God in Christ". In all cases where the law requires a special mode of election of church trustees that mode shall be strictly followed. Where no particular mode of election is required by law the trustees shall be elected by ballot at the annual meeting of the church or a meeting called for that purpose announcement of such meeting having been given.

Before real estate is purchased for the use of the local church the trustees shall see that the church in all places where the law will permit is incorporated, and that the articles of incorporation shall provide that the local church be subject to the government of the "Church of God in Christ" as from time to time authorized and declared by the General Assembly of said church, and that the business affairs of the church shall be managed by a board of trustees elected and organized according to the provisions of said government.
Such articles shall further provide that such corporation shall have power to acquire, hold, sell, and convey property both real and personal when this is done all property acquired shall be deeded directly to the church in its corporate name. It is required that all deeds conveying property shall contain the following trust clause.

In trust that said premises shall be maintained and disposed of as a place of worship for the ministry and membership of the "Church of God in Christ" subject to the doctrines, law, and usage of said church as from time to time declared by the General Assembly of said church.

In no case may the trustees mortgage or encumber the real estate to meet the current expenses of the church, and they may in no case transfer the real estate of the church without the written consent of the church, and the written consent of the Bishop having jurisdiction. For their faithfulness to their trust they shall be amenable to the local church to which they shall make annual report.

(Article 15 Trials)

Deacons of the local church shall be appointed and removed by the pastor. Local churches may be tried and disorganized in the manner as hereinafter set forth, when charged with any of the following offenses and found guilty.

Persistently violating the provisions of law enacted by the General Assembly, or refusing to conform to the legal requirements of the constituted authorities of the church. Sustaining and supporting a pastor who teaches doctrines contrary to the articles of faith of our church.

Sanctioning immoral practices by members and refusing to take the legal steps prescribed by the constitution for the trial of persons charged with the commission of such offenses.

When any local church by official act or declaration or by non-performance of any of the official duties imposed upon it by the government of this church as found in our constitution, or by-laws, shall offend in any of the foregoing particulars, any member of such church with the consent of the Bishop having jurisdiction, file a complaint with the state board charging that such church has committed one or more of the foregoing offenses. Thereupon the state board may
appoint a court of five Elders to summons witnesses, to hear evidence on behalf of the prosecution, and the defense, and to render judgment in the case.

Twenty days before the trial of such church, the time of which shall be fixed by the court, written notice shall be served upon the church board of the church against which complaint is made, such notice shall give the time and place of such trial, and shall contain a correct copy of the complaint and charges stated therein.

The church so charged shall have the right to be represented by counsel at the trial, such counsel to be a member in good standing of the "Church of God in Christ". The state board shall appoint an Elder of the church to conduct the prosecution.

In case the church so charged shall be found guilty by the court it shall be disorganized by the board of Bishops unless it satisfies the members of the board that it repents of its evil way, and will conform to the government and faith of our church, and recognize the constituted authorities of the church.

All members of churches convicted as above who repent, or disclaim their guilt of the offenses for which such church may be disorganized shall be entitled to letters of good standing by the Bishop, and may unite with other churches of our faith and order.

Members of the local church shall be tried by the pastor, and the local church with the right of appeal to the state board whose decision shall be final. An ordained Elder shall be tried by the state board with the right of appeal to the General Council.

All charges against an Elder shall be in writing signed by his accuser or accusers. He shall be allowed counsel which counsel shall be a member of the "Church of God in Christ" should the counsel be guilty of improper conduct the court may refuse to hear him, and also punish him. In case the Elder so accused shall be found guilty by the unanimous judgment of the court, after having been tried according to the rules of evidence judgment shall be pronounced such judgement may take the form of expulsion from the church and ministry, or that of suspension for a limited time from his membership and ministry.
State of Tennessee
Shelby County

Filed for Registration Dec. 30, 1926 at 11:30 o'clock
A. M. and noted in Note Book No. 50, Page 102 and was recorded
Dec. 30, 1926 in Record Book No. 32, Page 465. Fee 3.00 paid.

Ben James, Register
By Thomas A. Lanigan, D. R.

I, Ernest N. Haston, Secretary of State, do certify
that this amendment to charter with certificates attached, the
foregoing of which is a true copy, was this day registered and
certified to by me.
This December 31, 1926.

Ernest N. Haston,
Secretary of State
We, the undersigned, comprising the board of Directors of the General Board of the Church of God in Christ of America, apply to the State of Tennessee, by virtue of the general laws of the land, for an amendment to said Charter of Incorporation.

Witness our hands this 20th day of Dec. 1926.

S. T. Samuel
John H. Lee
James Foster
W. B. Holt
A. B. McEwen

State of Tennessee
Shelby County

Personally appeared before me, E. H. Farr, Deputy Clerk of the County Court of said County, the within named W. B. Holt, the bargainor, with whom I am personally acquainted, and who acknowledges that he executed the within instrument for the purposes therein contained, and the said W. B. Holt, subscribing witness to the signatures subscribed to the annexed instrument, being first duly sworn, deposed and said that he is personally acquainted with the within named S. T. Samuel, John H. Lee, James Foster, A. B. McEwen, bargainors, and they acknowledged same in his presence to be their act and deed for the purposes therein contained upon the date it bears.

This 20th day of Dec. 1926.

Ed B. Crenshaw, County Court Clerk
By E. H. (7) D. C.